J. H. Marion, Editor.

There is not a town, village, military post, farming or mining sattlement in Arisona in which the MINER dose not circulate, and copies of it are sent to every State and Territory of the Union; which, coupled with its age and standing, make it a very desirable advertising medium.

THE LATEST.

MOHAVE COUNTY .- Mr. Wm. Cory, writing under date of April 14th, furnishes us the following mining and political items:

The Keystone, at Mineral Park, is now producing finer ore than ever before, and much more of it. Mr Stein seems to be in

permanent and good mine. The Pean shaft, in Wallapai mountains, is down 93 feet, and the superintendent, S. C. Lewis, says enough ore is already in sight to warrant the erection of the mill, which is supposed to be on the road.

has. Gross is working away with his arrastras and will do well, on ore from the Eu-

Other arrastras are being run by some Mexicans, and as we frequently receive bullion from these parties, their efforts must be successful.

McKinsey has already out a considerable quantity of fine shipping ore from his new discovery, and, as he is increasing his force, a large shipment from this mine will doubtless be made within a few days.

The Democratic Committee appointed W. F. Henning, J. M. Murphy, D. J. Canty, and Jas. Lesesne to represent Mohave county in the May Convention at Phoenix. This county will poll at least 400 votes this fall.

MILITARY AND INDIAN NEWS, DE-PARTMENT OF ARIZONA.

We are sorry to say that later advices from the southern part of the Territory do not corroborate the statements made at San Carlos (by two squaws who recent came in and gave themselves up at that place) of the destruction of Eskiminzin's band by Captain Hamilton's expedition. A telegram received last evening from Mr Thes. Ewing, who reached Tucson yesterday, informs us there is no truth in the report. Mr Ewing met Capt Hamilton at San Carlos as he was coming in from the scout alluded to. Captain Hamilton, after replenishing his supply of rations, was to resume his work in the moun-

Bache, Reilly and Eckerson were absent with their commands, and Schuyler was to start out again not later than the 15th.

A telegram from Lieut Babcock, 5th cavalry, (in camp on San Carlos, April 8), received by way of Tucson late last night, says that Lieut Bache had just sent in the prisoners taken by him in his recent fights, in which the whole of Juan-Clishe's band was killed or captured. The prisoners number 176, comprising 41 warriors and 135 women and children. Not included this enumeration is the chief, Juan Clishe himself, and some of his warriors, now with Bache and Reilly, who are very anxious for an interview with Cochinay. This com-mand was rationed to the 11th or 12th inst., and at last accounts was preparing to cross Gila river, going south.

Carlos, and reported having struck Santo's have passed away; a history that will teach band on the 3d and 5th, killing six warriors and capturing ten women and children, five horses and some needle guns. Hamilton thinks Eskiming was the the the Territory on sick leave, has been, for a long time, a sufferer induced by tan Chiquito, Eskinila, Eskiwina and Es minzin, whose bands are in that section.

The Pressty-third Infantry Band will play the follow-March Sangers Last, Faust Polka-Bell, Labitzky, Bollad - Thou Art so Near and Yet so Far."-Rei-

Ballad— Thou Art so Near and Yet so PAr.—Ret efacti.

Quadrille—La Belle Helene,—Knight.

Quadrille—La Belle Helene,—Knight.

Waltz—Rhine Klange,—Gung'l.

Ballad— "The Exile's Lament"—D'Albert.

Schottlische—Souvenir de Constantine.—Reifzel.

Galop—Shao Fly.—Lee.

AUGUST THIRL, Acting Chief Musician.

Ed. W. Wells, Clerk District Court and

County Recorder, was among the passengers for Phoenix yesterday. Dr. McCandless and R. E. Elliott started for same place to-day. We have a letter from Mr. C. A. Franklin,

an old Arizona typo. He is now quartered at the American Exchange in San Francisco, and sticks type on the Daily Chronicle.

Mr M. S. Stevens, of Tueson, announces himself as a candidate for Delegate to Congress, in to-day's paper. See what he has to say in the third column of the third page.

Mr C. C. Bean has sold his Eureka mill, near the head of Lynx creek, to the Salvador mining company. We presume they intend to move it farther down the stream, to the Ramos place, recently purchased by them, and where they have an excellent water privilege.

Theo. F. White, U. S. Deputy Surveyor, has completed his contract of the public surveys in that portion of the Territory about Yuma. He has surveyed 85,000 acres, which includes the valley of the Gila near the junction with the Colorado, and along down the Colorado to near the Mexican line. He speaks, in his report, of immense fields of wild hemp, growing, in places, to the height of eight and ten feet. Report says two comwork these hemp fields, and predict large returns from the investment.

The Los Angeles Star, of a recent date, tells of an affray which occurred at Spadrs, between that place and San Bernardino, and in which a Mr Standifer, a farmer, was killed. It seems that an ill-feeling existed between Standifer and a man named Lilly, a constable; that the two men got together; that Standifer knocked Lilly down three or four times with a blacksnake, and that Lilly, after

We have a copy of the bill now before Congress, for the gradual reduction of the army of the United States. It provides that on or before the first day of January, 1875, the number of enlisted men in the service shall be reduced to 25,000, and shall not be increased except by law. Also, that no new commission or promotion shall be grantod until such time as the officers have been reduced to a relative number.

The San Diego World says that J. S. Mannassa A Co., sold twenty mules to the Arlsons freighters in their town the other day, and still have afy head of splendid animals for sale.

ITEMS FROM MARYVILLE.

Manyville, Arizona, April 13, 1874.

To the Editor of the Arizona Miner. The primrry election held at this place on the 11th inst., to elect delegates to the Territorial Democratic Convention, resulted in the election of Dr. T. J. Wilson, to represent the district composed of Gila, Maryville and McDowell precincts. The vote cast was very light owing, I suppose, to inclement

weather, distance, etc. Lieut. C. D. Parkhurst, 5th cavalry, and command, returned to Camp McDowell on Saturday last, from an extended scout through the mountains west of McDowell, and north and northeast of this place. He found no Indians. When our citizens lose stock they should inform Capt O. W. Pollock of the fact, at once, to enable him to take such steps as are necessary to recover excellent spirits and all are anticipating a the lost property. Permit me to add that the officers of Camp McDowell are always

ready to discharge their duty. Yesterday, Mr. Charles Whitlow ferried two loaded ten-mule teams across the river which were ex route to Camp Grant. The river at this point will not be fordable for

some weeks. This is my opinion at least.
Two hombres left Camp McDowell Saturday last, taking with them a gun belonging to M. Malony; that gentleman followed and overtook the hombres near this place, recovered his property and allowed them to pursue their way. I consider this wrong. Mr. M. should have reconstructed the thieves. If that was impracticable, then he should

have sent them to Congress.

The above case reminds me of another, which took place here, a short time since. A certain man, whose initials are Joseph Gra-ham, borrowed from Mr. Cox, who is a valetudinarian, a horse, ostensibly to go to Fiorence. He (Graham) took the horse to Tueson, sold him, got on a spree, obtained a mule in an irregular manner, and decamped for parts unknown.

MANIAC

fCOMMUNICATED.]

PIONEERS .- What a significance has the word Pioneer! Men who leave all the comforts and pleasures of civilization, friends and home behind to penetrate the wilderness, seek out the waste places of the earth, and there form the neuclus of what eventually becomes the densely populated countries, and where, in time, all that belongs to civilized people is enjoyed. But, what becomes of these first-the pioneers? They too frequently pass away with none to kindly remember the ives sacrificed, in privations and suffering. They are found to possess all the noble and generous feelings of man; they must ever be ready to share their last morsel with whomsoever may chance to pass; ever be ready to assist, with trusty rifle, his neighbor who, perhaps, lives miles away. The pioneer first enjoys the beautiful of the mountain scenery, in all its solitude and wildness; first drinks from the pure, crystal spring; in all his solitude, contented at beart, mind at peace, yet watchful eye, he sleeps the sleep of perfect content and freedom from all thraldom. Who would not be a pioneer? But stop, look to the other hand; the multitude come in the path you have made; they crowd and jostle, pass you by without heed, and posess that which you first beheld, while you retire in quietness; you become the first hoary headed old man in the new community, and neglected, forgotten, in silence pass away.

nd at last accounts was preparing to cross Pioneers of Arizona, let us rally; let us unite in one brotherhood, and save from ob-Capt Hamilton had just arrived at San scurity a history. Staw Thould live after we

his labors since assignment zona, and especially during the past year.
For a long time he performed the ardurous and responsible functions of inspector-General, from which position he was relieved by Gen Crook to superintend the construction of the new post at Mount Graham, overlooking both the Cachise and San Carlos reservations. How well he succeeded in this office can best be appreciated by persons familiar with the old fever hole, Camp Grant, on the San Pedro, and the favorable contrast afforded by the handsome quarters, storehouses and, generally, excellent situation of the new post; during the construction of which Capt Brown had also to supervise the Indians on the San Carlos reserve, from which the civil agent had fled through fear of his life; and to maintain constant scouting against rene-gades in the Pinal, Mescal and Superstition mountains the results of which expeditions are well known to all our readers. Major Brown has hosts of friends in Arizona who wish bim a safe and pleasant journey east and a speedy restoration to good health.

A bill for the better protection of animal life is before the New York legislature. It consists of twelve or fifteen sections, of

which the following is a specimen : which the following is a specimen:

SEC. 9.—Every person who shall vend, offer for sale, conecot, compound or manufacture any substance for poisoning or destraying any insect or insects, such a flies, fless, bed but's, cockroaches, beetles, croton bugs, lies, or for the destruction of caterpillars, grabs or worms of any kind whatever, or for the slaying of tree or shrub flict or core, or for the slaying of tree or shrub flict or constant or grasshoppers, shall be guilty of a missdemeanor under this act, and bis stock shall be handed over for destruction to the President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Ani-

According to the report of the Chief Quartermaster of the Military Division of the Pacific, it is now definitely ascertained that the Modoc war cost that department \$355,break had occurred.

The steamship Laconia, while on the Mediterranean sea, on a voyage from Alexandria, Egypt, for Algiers, having as passengers 278 pilgrims returning from Mecca, encountered terriffic gales. One hage wave, which struck the vessel, washed overhoard from her deck 117 of the pilgrims, and all were drowned.

Lieutenant W. J. Ross, A. D. C. to Gen Crook, arrived at McDowell Wednesday from Camp Grant and San Carlos. He found the having given due warning, was compelled to Salt river so swollen, between the mouths of kill him in self-defence. Pinto and Tonto creeks, that crossing was estly and fairly consult with him as to the impracticable, so his party was obliged to smount of damages to which he would be tain (to avoid Salt River canon) and take the ferry at Whitlow's.

The bodies of two men -- Toomey and Handel-were found between Whitlow's and McDowell, killed by Tento Apaches, who are still turking in Superstition mountains. Lieut Ross telegraphed to Schuyler and Randall, at Camp Grant, and before many days detachments will scour that range and oth-

No news has been received from scouting parties the past day or two.

Read Asher & Co's new advertisement.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Washington, April 13.-Page and Luttrell are at \$1 Washington, April 11.—Page and Luttrell are at perfeculs about poolal matters in Culifornia. Lakirell as clared that there is a post office ring, in that Kulse which has defrauded the government to the extent of \$100,000, and that he made the charge on the best of an

Sign, 1000, and that he made the charge on the best of an Bority.

Page sprang to his feet and groat confusion ensured to several minutes, when it was resolved to investigate the charges, and a as referred to postal committee.

President Grant in conversation said he did not favor inflation on general acceptance of that term, only balleved in increasing correct to need unitomal wants. Did not commit himself on currency bills now before Congress.

San Francisco, April 14.—Steamer Tartar, Australias line, arrived from Sydney, book mails and passengers from steamer Mar Gregor aground at Fi Jii, to Sydney, all safe, and worked for hours trying to hand that vessel off last could not start ber.

Washoughon, April 14.—T. A. Park, representing P. M. S. S. Co., and John Rouch, heavy steamsthip builder, in behalf ship building interests of the country, are before the post office committee of the Holize inventing the continuous of the million subsidy for sami-monthly steamship mail service to China.

London, April 14.—Atlante telegraph cable of 1806 is introable near Valencia.

London, April 14.—Attantic telegraph cable of 1806 is the trouble near Valencia.

Jacksonville, Oregon, April 14. Two blacks of build loss in the business part of town was partially burned by fire last night. Loss, \$55,000 to Goodal, Nelson & Perkins.

She will be overhanded completely and put in the San draw.

e still remains. The company are trying to recover the noney from him.

President Watson informs the directors of the Eric R.

Parks 8: scattering, 10.

Baston, April 15 — To-day, 27th ballot, 237 vojes were east. Dawes 92, Hoar 35, Cartis 71, Adams 28, Parks 7, Washburn 5, Sanferd 4, Whitier 1.

Cincinnati, O., April 14 — At an anti-inflation meeting

to the ton. He says that the owners of the Grey Eagle will shortly commence operations. Preparations are new being made to that end. The infining prespects in that vicinity are very promising, and lively times are looked for this coming season.

Bill Smith was in town yesterday on business connected with his mine. He feft with the Prescott party, who stay over night at his place.

COMMUNICATED !

THE COUNSE BUILDING QUESTION .- I have seen in the DAILY MINER, several times, comments made upon the new county building soon to be erected on the site near the present court-house. It is surprising to any sensible business man that our late board of supervisors came to the conclusion to approve the plan now contracted for with Mr Geo. Lount, who is now, I believe, trying hard to fill his contract with the county. It is equally surprising to observe the indifference of the majority of the people of this county, and, more particularly, of this town, who allowed such a plan to mature. However, since the present contractor, Mr Lount, has broken ground for the proposed building,

since the present contractor, Mr Lount, has broken ground for the proposed building, the people begin to inquire what kind of a building; it is to be: The building, when completed, will be neither ornamental or entirely perful.

In order to meet the Yants and the requirements of the county, there should be a building creeted large enough for the fifth of the sheriff, recorder, treasurer and distinct attorney; also, rooms for the county and district courts, and apartments on the ground floor for law breakers. There would then be a saving of rents for the offices of the freasurer and district attorney. Such a building would probably cost \$40,000, and if put up on the centre of the piaza, would add much to the beauty of the twon of Prescott. The general expression of the people how is that they would rather see a good building put up, and on or near the center of the piaza. Now, I am one of the largest taxpayers of the county, and will here only speak for myself and advance my own idea: The present board of supervisors should at once call a special meeting, summon Mr Lount, and honcetly and fairly consult with him as to the samouth of damages to which he would be entitled if not permitted to fulfill his contract, and if they together can come to a satisfactory agreement, then let the supervisors annul the centract. I would also suggest, if a contract he let for a larger, better and a more smitable building, that Mr Lount, and honcetly and fairly consult with him as to the samouth of damages to which he would be contract the let for a larger, better and a more smitable building, that Mr Lount, and honcetly and fairly consult with him as to the samouth of the contract. I would also suggest, if a contract he let for a larger, better and a more smitable building, that Mr Lount, and honcetly and fairly consult with him. It will certainly be better for us to erect agood building than the supervisors and second building that Mr Lount, and honcet and the supervisors and the centract of the people of Yavapai county. The co make a detour through Superstition moun- entitled if not permitted to fulfill his con-

THE RESOURCES OF ARIZONA.

[From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.]

To a paragraph recently published in the Inter-Ocean, relative to the results of Lieutenant G. M. Wheeler's surreys and explorationals Arisons, the Present Mixin bakes exceptions, because of a presumed unfriendly critically interested the present must prospective mineral and agreem upon the present unit prospective mineral and agreem plantage as well as mailtee, and then states that The disciplination is well as mailtee, and then states that The disciplination are confirmed and first west, then whose broad are mybests and larges continuity ply, carrying its necessitie commodities for the people of this so-called head severt who, thinks to the nonreal and other researces of their desert, have always paid for everything their desert, who, thinks to the nonreal and other researces of their desert, have always paid for everything their desert, and their every broad, have deep fish soil upon which several companies have should be supplied to the proper places to make money by mains hemp, exitor, sugar, etc. Near Yuna, where munitains are first mot with, we find in every mountain, solved their everying gold, silver, lead and copper. The same is true of the raver and its Arisona surroundings for a distance of always 400 miles. Coming east from the Colorado, the mountains around Gin City, where needs of pure gold, as large as billiand balls, have free frenchly been dung out, we pass north on this line and constrike the Castle Dome Mountains, where severe of men are now employed quarrying ones out of as many years of rock, containing silver and lead in such quarri-[From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.] San Prairiese. April 14—U. S. Revenue Cutter Lincoln sold to-day for \$25,000 to Goodal, Nelson & Perkins. She will be overhanded completely and put in the San Diego trade.

Gold in New York, 110 if 114. Greenbacks in Susternate San Diego, April 15.—James Gorable, general superinces and S. E. Haines, division, superintendent W. U. Telegraph Co., arrived here per steamer Orizaba yesterday, on a tour of inspection for a second line to San Prancisca via scalinas, San Lais Othepo, Santa Barbana, Les Angeles to San Diego, to be put up soon.

Theo, F. White, assistant surveyor general of Arizona, married yesterday to Miss Annie Maxwell of this city, and sailed per Orizaba yesterday on a wedding four.

Washington, April 15.—To-day Senate judiciary committee reported back Summer's civil rights bill with fectors and the subsidy and charged the President will be proved bill.

Senate bill, Senate bill to amoend currency acts and establish feet binking, possed.

New York, April 15.—Rased Sage, President P. M. S. S. Co., says Richard B. Irvine, late agout of the company in the matter of the China moll salesisty, has detained the autsidy and charged six hundred themsand dollars expenses of his visit to the capital, on his San Prancisco backs. Transpored, according to Mr Sage, that Irvine invested \$200,000 in Philadelphia and transferred the sales of the capital, on his San Prancisco backs. Transpored, according to Mr Sage, that Irvine invested \$200,000 in Philadelphia and transferred the same to his sister. Irvine them went to Europe where the Sage that Transpored according to Mr Sage, that Irvine invested \$200,000 in Philadelphia and transferred the same to his sister. Irvine them went to Europe where the same proposed and collars expenses of his visit to the capital, on his San Prancisco for his visit to the capital, on his San Prancisco for his visit to the capital, on his San Prancisco for his visit to the capital, on his San Prancisco for his visit to the capital, on his San Prancisco for his visit to the capital, on his

publishes a letter from the Hon. R. C. McCormick, dele-gate in Congress, upon the subject, and one from Lieut Wheeler, in which the latter discining any intention to dispurage the letter, and states that every year has added to his faith in the mineral and agricultural devel-opment of Arigans.

he still remains. The company are trying processes the still remains. The company are trying processes the state of the st

Baston, April 15—To-day, 27th ballot, 237 votes were cast. Dawes 29, Hoar 50, Cartis 71, Adams 28, Parks 7, Washburu S, Sanferd 4, Whitier 1.

Cincinnati, O., April 14—At an anti-inflation neceting here in-day resolutions were adopted strongly condomining the measures new about to be taken by Congress regarding inflation. A committee took a decument signed by 462 manufacturers, representing to million dollars, to Washington.

Southampton, April 15.—Stranier Mollan, with the body of Dr. Livingston, arrived here this a. m.

Phrenix, April 16.—Daniel Toomly and Paul Handel were killed by Indians yesterday, while on the way from the Colorado in the Command is counting in the Sant Teresa Mountains, near the Dowell. The body was mutifated in the most shocking manner. The body of Handel was brought to town has ingred and respected. The fings of the town are at half mast and a general gleon prevails in the commandity.

A Mexican man and soman attempted to cross Salt river this morning, in a small bout, the boat struck a sang and upset. The man, who was very old, was drowned. The woman cluing to the boat, and after drifting down are persented to prove the woman cluing to the boat, and after drifting down are persented in the most way for the contract of the persented and distinct and bring the mountains, and respected. The fings of the town are at half mast and a general gleon prevails in the community.

A Mexican man and some an attempted to cross Salt river this morning, in a small bout, the boat struck a sang and upset. The man, who was very old, was drowned. The woman cluing to the boat struck a sang and upset. The man, who was very old, was drowned. The woman cluing to the boat struck a sang the morning in a small bout, the boat struck is said the correlation of the persent time, and eager track and till later alone a number of horses and cartle from the Cincinnation and the persent time, and cartle from the Continuation and the persent time, and cartle from the Continuation and the persent time and cartle from the wickenhare, apper in.—The Chiternia mall arrived and the almost macrossible mountains, and there live in remainering while the cold weather last. The same senson of the year enables the soldier the better to hant them, line.

Mr. Geo. Bryan was able to sit up yesterday, being the sensor for the past long years and are hard to find. Water in the emotivation and valleys of Arizona is a rarity, and while the cold weather lasts. The same sensor of the year enables the soldier the better to hant them.

Apaches scatter, and are hard to find. Water in the emotivation and valleys of Arizona is a rarity, and while the cold weather lasts. Mr. Geo. Bryas was able to sit up yesterday, being the first time for over two months.

Col. Bigelow, who has been sojourning here for a few days, leaves by back-board to-morrow, for Phomix, where he will appear as a witness in the Hellings case which comes off at that place is a few days.

Business quiet, stocks rising.

Wickenburg, April 16.—Messrs Head and Marien, Licent Woodson and family arrived at this place has evening by private conveyance. They left this morning for Phomix, via Bill Smith's mill. Col. Bigelow accompanies them, Mr. Campbell, of the late firm of Campbell & Buffum of Prescott, starred for California by this morning's back. Mr. McKinnott, of McKinnott, of McKinnott, of McKinnott, of McKinnott, of McKinnott, of McKinnott, or Mc somits held control of Mexico even to her, stress limits, all these other tribes were brought under the sway of fheir religious influence, but the Apaches were nover reduced to subjection. Their peculiarly savage attributes are owing to the moietr of Indian blood in their veins, and their light complexion and unwooted intelligence to the fact of their constant intermarriage with Spanish when they have captured. Many of them speak the Spanish language more or less fluently. Only during the years have they consented to go upon reservations; and then, only to leave them when it suited their conveilence. The Apaches are a nation divided info len or more distinct tribal organizations, among the more powerful of which are the Pinnis, the Coyoteras the Tonion, the Mescaleras, the Hualpais, and the Mohaves. Each tribe has its chief, and they fight their own battles. Only during the past six years have expeditions against them been successful, and even during that time they have killed ten white men for every death in their own ranks. They never fight openly, but always resort to the ambuscade; nor do they often make hostlie, and not without good reason do the people of Arisona mulitatin that if the policy of Senerals Devin and Crook be persevered to, ultimately the Apaches may be faught that their suifare consists in other avocations than killing settlers and enigrants. Should the Southern Pacific Railway be built, it must cross Arisona, and this woold tend to reduce the Apaches just as the presence of a Keemortive in other portions of the constity has tended to Indian subjection. The risch and roar of a railway engine overaires the savages far more than a volley of anashetry.

We have already stated that the mineral resources of

msketry. We have already stated that the mineral resources of

because of a too rank growth, which cackes large stalks but no grain; and the same only be said of potators, which can be raised only in a few cocalities. Barley and corn are fed to horses in lieu of cate. Crastering grass is the chief reliance for hay, and it can be cut at may time of the year; partaking much of the tottate of a percentia shruic. Arigona is the favored absoles of the caseus, and here every tree, plant shruh and flower is alterned by a thora. The agricultural capacity of the T-ritory, although limited, is unflecient to sustain a large population, such as ultimately must be found there. Agricultural labor is better repaid than in any other sertion of the country, because the farmers are compartitly few, and the demand from the military pests and Indian reservations is large. But with all these advantages and claims upon the prespector, the miliar, the farmer, the capitalist and the government, the Territory is preyed upon by the Apache, and rendered massie. It is therefore, easy to understand why the settlers beg that in tenderly caring for the wielders of the bow and the scalping-unite, the government should not overlook the lives and rights of those who follow the plaw and use the pick. They only ask that the Indians shall be peaceable, through kindness, if possible, but, in any event, that they must not disturb the pioneers upon the public domain. because of a too rank growth, which makes large stalks

In speaking of the Indian attack at old Camp Grant, the writer should have said Apaches, instead of Hualpais, as the Hualpais are some two hundred miles north of Camp Grant, and it is probable none of them have ever even seen the place.

Northern and Eastern Arizona is well watered, and we doubt if man or beast have ever suffered from thirst while traveling through it.

The Inter-Ocean man is evidently not very well posted regarding agriculture in this Territory. A large amount of the grain harvested in Arizona is raised without irrigation, nearly all the farmers in the Northeaster portion of the Territory depending entirely upon rain. The land is broken with steel plows, the grain harvested with reapers, and threshed by steam.

The Opetah Indians have their bome in

Mexico.

Now, thanks to Crook, comparatively few Indian depredations are committed, and our people regard the war as virtually over.

AN INVESTIGATION OF GEN. CROOK .- A threat is made to investigate the conduct of Gen. Crook in his management of the Indian affairs of Arlzona. We trust they will present their charges against him and obtain a hearing. The oppo-nents of the thieving practiced systematically at zona. the expense of the red men by the civilian Agents, ask nothing better. If the army officers do not come off with more credit than the Agents appointed by partisan influences, the public will be

There is good reason why an army officer should be more careful than a politician. He must be educated to his business; his commis-sion runs for life; he understands no other occupation; he has no ambition outside of his pro-fession. His support is secured by his pay; his enjoyment of life depends upon the good opinion of his fellow officers who are Jealous of the rep-uration of the service. If they discover any fraud, it is their policy to expose and punish him. They cannot afford to let the army fall into discredit. The good name and the interest of their profession requires them to repudiate all association with thieves. They must look out not only for this year and the next, but for twenty, thirty, or even forty years to come, when they will still be affected by the reputation of the army as a whole. He is required to conduct his business in public monetary affairs according to strict and general rules, which provide numerous checks. Very strong influences contribute to keep him honest. Besides he is usually familiar with the savages by long residence among them, and able, therefore, to protect himself against the dishon-

esty of his subordinates.

What, on the other hand, is the civilian Indian agent? He is the appointee of a political party, selected as a matter of personal favoritism, entirely ignorant of the country and of the savages under his jurisdiction; holding his place for a brief period, expecting to gain nothing in repubrief period, expecting to gain nothing in reputation, held to no strict accountability, and protected by strong partisan influences against exposure or puntahment in case he should commit fraud. Just now the Indian agent is selected on account of his supposed religious zeal, which is in many cases assumed for the occasion, and used as a cloak for plundering the unfortunate savages entrusted to his care. This civilian agent has some other business to which he expects to return, and in which he did not succeed very well, reputation, no absurphished at periliment of his care, and he did not succeed very well, reputation, no absurphished at periliment of his dishonesty, and his associates have a motive in encouraging his france, so that they can share the profits. As compared with the army officer, the civilian Indian agent has few and small induse. civilian Indian agent has few and small inducements to perform his duties with strict regard to the interests of the Government and the nation; and the general opinion in the districts occupied by the Indians in California, Oregon and Arizona is, that the conduct of the two classes of officials corresponds very closely with the influences surrounding them.—[8. F. Alia.

During a social evil revival in the city of Glasgow, Scotland, it was the enstom for ciergymen o go about the streets at night, and to invite any poor unfortunate who might be wandering amid the lonely echoes to a midnight tea party where prayer was mingled with hospitality. On one oc-casion a respectable and portly old divine found a young woman standing at the corner of the street in rather an undecided attitude. "Young woman," said he, "will you come with me to the house of prayer? I would save you from a life of misery here and damnation hereafter." "U, if you please, sir," replied the unprotected female, "I ain't a social evil; I'm only waiting for

A newly married lady in Haddonfield, New Jersey, hid a toy snake in her husband's boot a few days ago. Benedict, on discovering the reptile, took a critical look at himself in the mirror, and then went for his demijohn and threw it into a

PRESCOTT.

H. C. LEDYARD. DENTIST. OFFICE WITH DR. McCANDLESS. Will Remain in Proceeds for a few Works.

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John G. Campbell and Wm. M. Baffan is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts outstanding against the late firm will be liquidated by either of the late purroers; and all persons indebted are requested to settle the same at once, with either member of the late firm.

JOHN G. CAMPBELL.

Prescott, Arizona, April 7, 1874.

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NOTICE TO SETTLE. All persons indebted to the late firm of WORMSER & WERTHEIMER will move costs by calling, immediately, open Thomas Cardis, Prescott, and M. Wormser, Phomis, and settling their indebtedness. M. WORMSER.

Prescott, A. T., April 3, 1874

NOTICE. John G. Campbell WILL BE FOUND AT THE OLD STAND OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

NEW DEPARTURE.

Of Best Quality and at Lowest Market Prices, for Cast

Having set up for myself, in my own Store, one door couth of Campbell & Buffum's old stand, and having in

ERA OF LOW PRICES. I will be pleased to wait upon all old and new custom

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS.

. GRAIN, ETC.

Prescott, A. T., April, 11, 1874. WM. M. BUFFUM.

MARICOPA COUNTY.

W. R. HELLINGS, EDW'D E. HELLINGS, C. H. VEIL,

SALT RIVER FLOURING MILL. Salt River Valley, Arizona.

Our Mill now being in full operation, we are prepared to furnish the market with a quality of Flour, which we guarantee far superior to any manufactured in the Territory, and fully equal to the very less imported from California. We will keep constantly on hand at the Mill, and at our several agencies.

THREE QUALITIES OF FLOUR. In 25, 50, and 100-Pound Sacks CRAHAM FLOUR, SEMITELLA, CORN-MEAL,

CRACKED WHEAT AND BRAN. A liberal discount will be made on regular rates to-merchants and others purchasing large quantities.

AGENTS: GIDEON CORNELL.

J. H. PIERRON

BARNETT & BLOCK

MOORE & CARE

E. N. FISH & CO.

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Tucsus

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PHENIX HOTEL, Phœnix, Arizona.

The undersigned having opened this Hotel, nasures the public that no pains or expense will be spared to make it the little of the Territory.

Single reoms for lamilies, in connection with the Hotel. A good Stable and Feed Yard attached to the premises.

Come one, come all And give me a call. J. J. GARDINER, Proprietor,

W. B. HELLINGS & CO.

H. MORGAN & CO.

PHOENIX SALT RIVER VALLEY. -AND-MORGAN'S FERRY, ON THE GILA. Mariogpa County, Arisona,

DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Our Motto: 'Quick Sales and Small Profit.'

J. Coldwater & Bro., PHŒNIX, ARIZONA. Have on hand a Large and Complete Stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Comprising everything required in a farming country, and which they will sell at the lowest possible prices. Highest price paid for Grain.

J. A. H. TRVINE. E. IRVINE & CO. At the News Depot

PHŒNIX,..... ARIZONA. Offer for Sale an assertment of first class FAMILY GROCERIES.

Stationery, Books,

AT LOW PRICES. Phoenix, Maricopa Co., Arizona, December 29th, 1873.

PHŒNIX STORE,

PHŒNIX,....ARIZONA, Keep for Sale

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Grain, &c, &c, Highest Prices Paid for Grain and other

Farm Produce.

Phoenix, Arizona, April 3, 1874. CAPITAL HOUSE. Phoenix Arizona,

JOHN GEORGE, Proprietor.

The eating department will be conducted on the measurant style. MEALS AT ALL HOURS. THE SALOON Department, by GEORGE & WALTERS, will be supplied with the best of Liquors. &c.

Peorniz, Maricopa county, A. T., August 21, 1872.

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PRESCOTT.

PRANK PURCELLA. THEOPHILLS LOSSILLOR. Purcella & Loisillon.

Have now on hand, at their Ruck Stone, (Ravenus's old stand), Goodwin Street, all kinds of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, MINING TOOLS, LIQUORS, &c. Which they offer for sale cheap.

ANTELOPE RESTAURANT. Gurley Street, North Side of the Plaza, PRESCOTT. ARIZONA.

The Proprietor of this Restaurant respectfully announces that he will spars no pains
in catering to the tastes of his pairons.

Meals will be furnished at all hours of the
delicacies that can be pragured. Everything clean and
served up in the best style.

Present. Notember 23, 1872.

Present. Notember 23, 1872. Prespott, November 23, 1872.

LUMBER, LUMBER.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING LUMBER KEPT constantly on hand at the Quartz Mountain Saw-Mill, fire sailes south of Prescott.

All orders sent through the post office will be promptly allended to. Terms cash on delivery at the mill.

Prescott, A. T., September 8, 1872.

Legal Blanks. Of every class and kind, always on hand and for sale, a the Minki office, at prices such as no lawyer, justice of the prace or other officer can reasonably find fault with.

ALL THE PATENT PILLS, PRESE

Blank Mining and Quitelaim Deeds Special and General Powers-of-Attorney etc., for sate at the Miner Office.